

## 小鼠抗 TUBA1A 单克隆抗体

中文名称: 小鼠抗 TUBA1A 单克隆抗体

英文名称: Anti-TUBA1A mouse monoclonal antibody

别名: B-ALPHA-1; LIS3; TUBA3

抗原: TUBA1A

储存: 冷冻 (-20°C) 避光

宿主: Mouse

反应种属: Human , Dog , Rat , Monkey , Mouse

相关类别: 一抗

标记物: Unconjugate

克隆类型: mouse monoclonal

### 技术规格

#### Background:

Microtubules of the eukaryotic cytoskeleton perform essential and diverse functions and are composed of a heterodimer of alpha and beta tubulins. The genes encoding these microtubule constituents belong to the tubulin superfamily, which is composed of six distinct families. Genes from the alpha, beta and gamma tubulin families are found in all eukaryotes. The alpha and beta tubulins represent the major components of microtubules, while gamma tubulin plays a critical role in the nucleation of microtubule assembly. There are multiple alpha and beta tubulin genes, which are highly conserved among species. This gene encodes alpha tubulin and is highly similar to the mouse and rat Tuba1 genes. Northern blotting studies have shown that the gene expression is pre

	<p>dominantly found in morphologically differentiated neurologic cells. This gene is one of three alpha-tubulin genes in a cluster on chromosome 12q. Mutations in this gene cause lissencephaly type 3 (LIS3) - a neurological condition characterized by microcephaly, mental retardation, and early-onset epilepsy and caused by defective neuronal migration. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2012].</p>
<b>Applications:</b>	WB, IHC
<b>Name of antibody:</b>	TUBA1A
<b>Immunogen:</b>	Fusion protein of human TUBA1A
<b>Full name:</b>	tubulin, alpha 1a (TUBA1A), transcript variant 1
<b>Synonyms:</b>	B-ALPHA-1; LIS3; TUBA3
<b>SwissProt:</b>	Q71U36
<b>IHC positive control:</b>	adenocarcinoma of human ovary tissue and adenocarcinoma of human breast tissue; adenocarcinoma of human endometrium tissue and carcinoma of human liver tissue
<b>IHC Recommend dilution:</b>	30-150
<b>WB Predicted band size:</b>	50 kDa
<b>WB Positive control:</b>	HepG2, HeLa, SVT2, A549, COS7, Jurkat, MDCK, PC12, MCF-7 cell lysates
<b>WB Recommended dilution:</b>	500-2000

